

JMA and JAXA



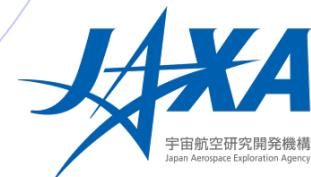
Kozo Okamoto* , Kotaro Bessyo

(JMA : Japan Meteorological Agency)



Misako Kachi

(JAXA : Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency)





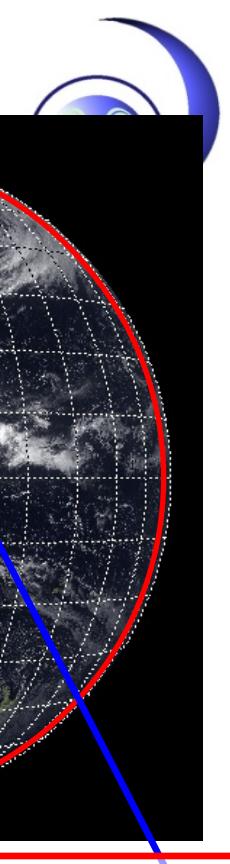
■ Current operation

- MTSAT-2 (Himawari-7) : Imaging operation at 145E since 1 Jul. 2010
- MTSAT-1R (Himawari-6) : Imaging operation standby at 140E, direct broadcast and DCS (Data Collection System) operations
 - Rapid scan observation around Japan during daytime in the summer for aviation users

■ Himawari-8

- Launch in summer 2014 and start operation in summer 2015
- **Himawari-9**: launch in 2016 and start operation in 2022
- **AHI** (Advanced Himawari Imager)
 - Enhance channel number, spatial resolution and measurement frequency
 - → Improve current products and create new products
 - AMV, CSR, SST, aerosol, volcanic ash, and Instability Index
 - Simulation data is available on the JMA website
 - Data dissemination via the Internet (and a telecommunication satellite)
 - Pre-operational imagery data available in early 2015

Himawari-8/9: Specification of Observation



| Channel | Central Wavelength [μm] | Spatial Resolution |
|---------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| 1 | 0.43 – 0.48 | 1 km |
| 2 | 0.50 – 0.52 | 1 km |
| 3 | 0.63 – 0.66 | 0.5 km |
| 4 | 0.85 – 0.87 | 1 km |
| 5 | 1.60 – 1.62 | 2 km |
| 6 | 2.25 – 2.27 | 2 km |
| 7 | 3.74 – 3.96 | 2 km |
| 8 | 6.06 – 6.43 | 2 km |
| 9 | 6.89 – 7.01 | 2 km |
| 10 | 7.26 – 7.43 | 2 km |
| 11 | 8.44 – 8.76 | 2 km |
| 12 | 9.54 – 9.72 | 2 km |
| 13 | 10.3 – 10.6 | 2 km |
| 14 | 11.1 – 11.3 | 2 km |
| 15 | 12.2 – 12.5 | 2 km |
| 16 | 13.2 – 13.4 | 2 km |

Number of Channels: 5 → 16

Spatial Resolution 1, 4km → 0.5, 1, 2km

Full disk

Interval: **10 minutes** (6 times per hour)

Region: Japan

Interval: **2.5 minutes** (4 times in 10 minutes)

Dimension: EW x NS: 2000 x 1000 km x 2

Region: Typhoon

Interval: **2.5 minutes** (4 times in 10 minutes)

Dimension: EW x NS: 1000 x 1000 km

Interval: 30/60 min. → 10min.

■ Current operation

- PR on TRMM : first space-borne precipitation since 1997 radar and still active!
- GOSAT : FTS for GHG (CO₂ & CH₄)
- AMSR2 on GCOM-W : microwave imager
 - Launched on 18 May 2012
- DPR on GPM core: Dual-frequency Precipitation Radar (KuPR + KaPR)
 - Launched on 28 Feb. 2014

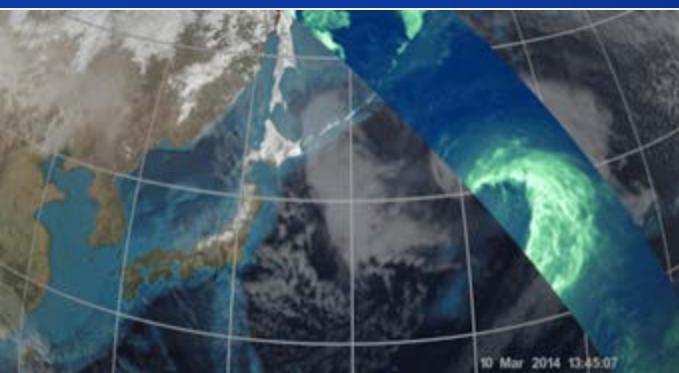
■ Plans

- ALOS2 (24 May 2014): SAR
- CPR on EarthCARE (2016) : Cloud profiling radar
- SGLI on GCOM-C (2016): High-res. multi-ch. optical imager
- GOSAT2 (2017)

■ Under discussion

- GCOM-W2/AMSR3
- „,

GPM/DPR first image released on 25 March



http://www.jaxa.jp/press/2014/03/20140325_gpm_j.html,
Image credit JAXA/NASA

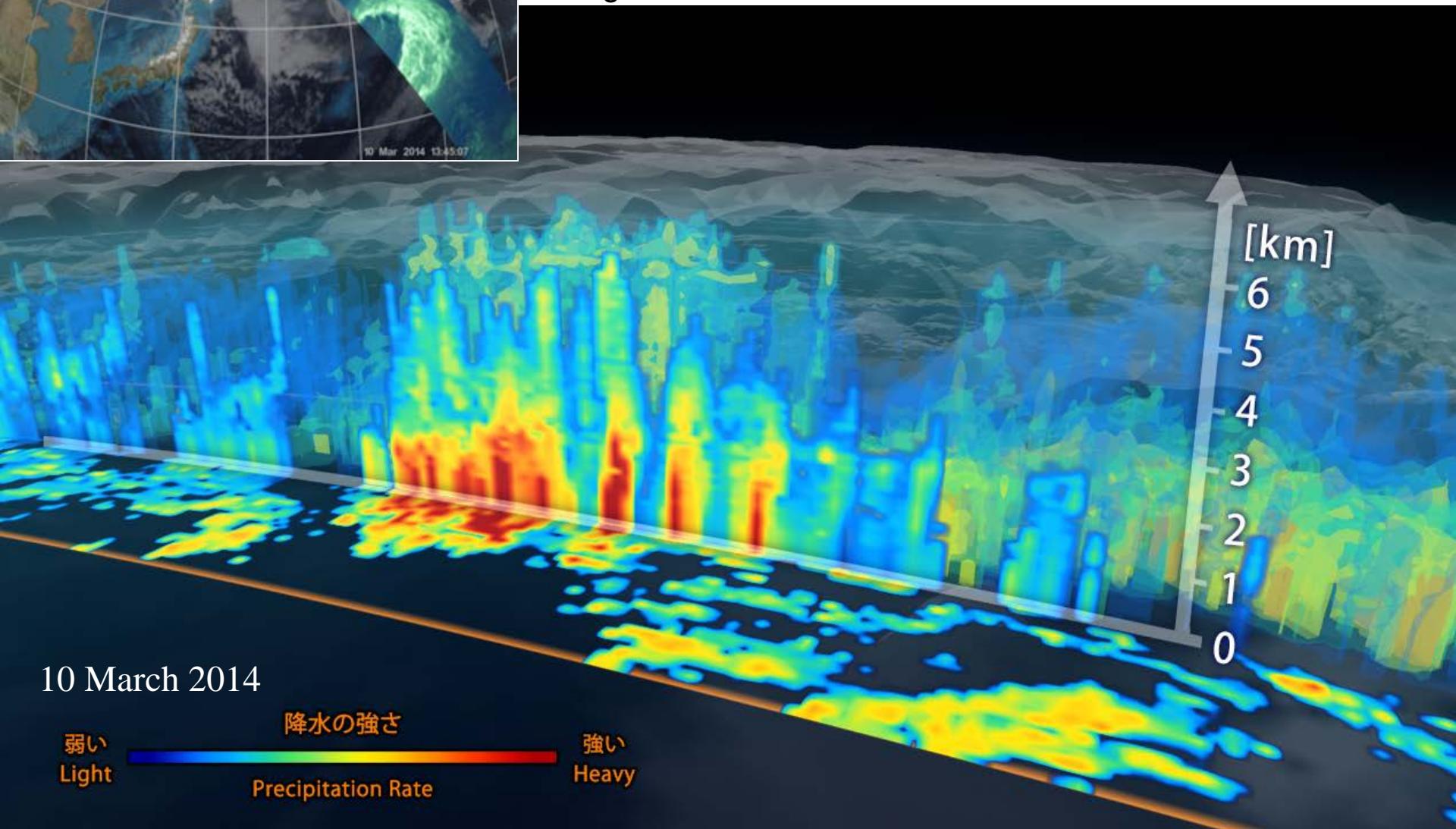
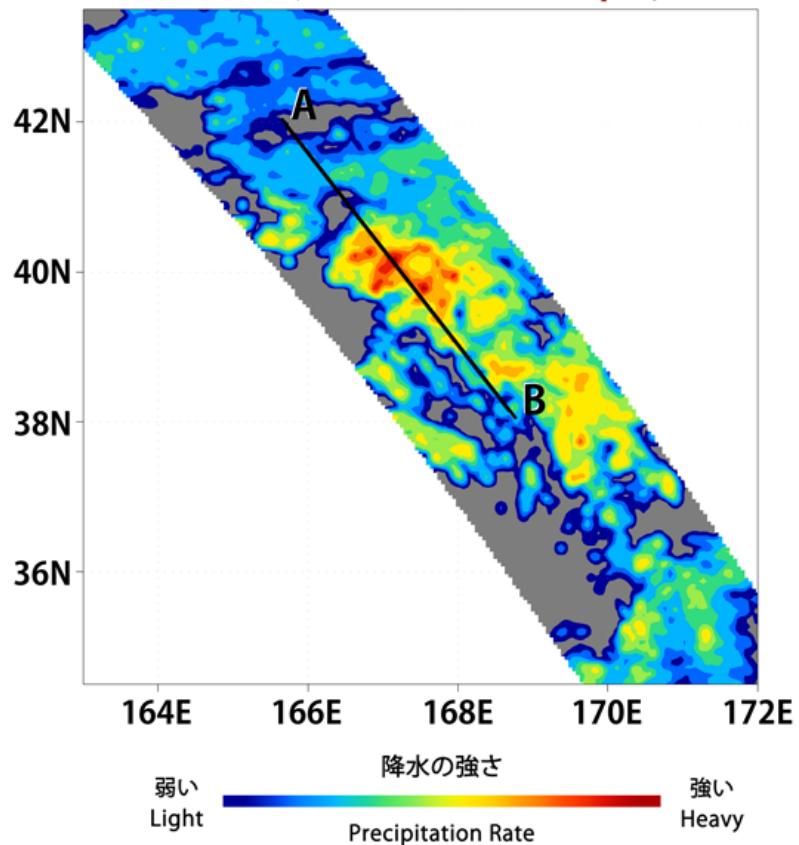


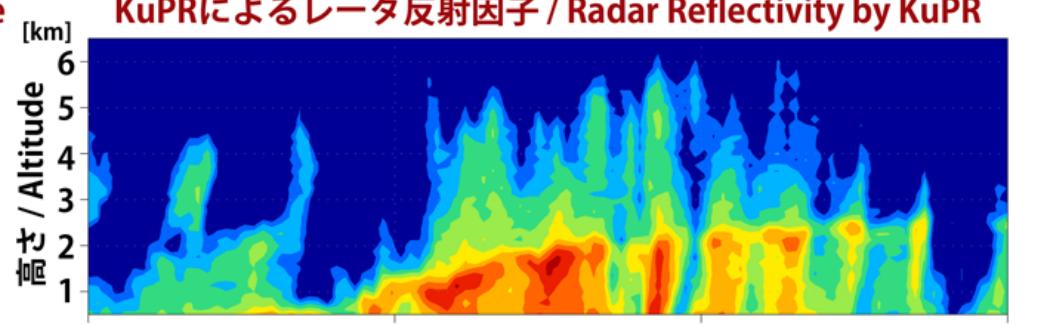
Image credit : JAXA/NASA

http://www.nasa.gov/press/2014/march/first-images-available-from-nasa-jaxa-global-rain-and-snowfall-satellite/index.html#.UzHrHPI_sbPs

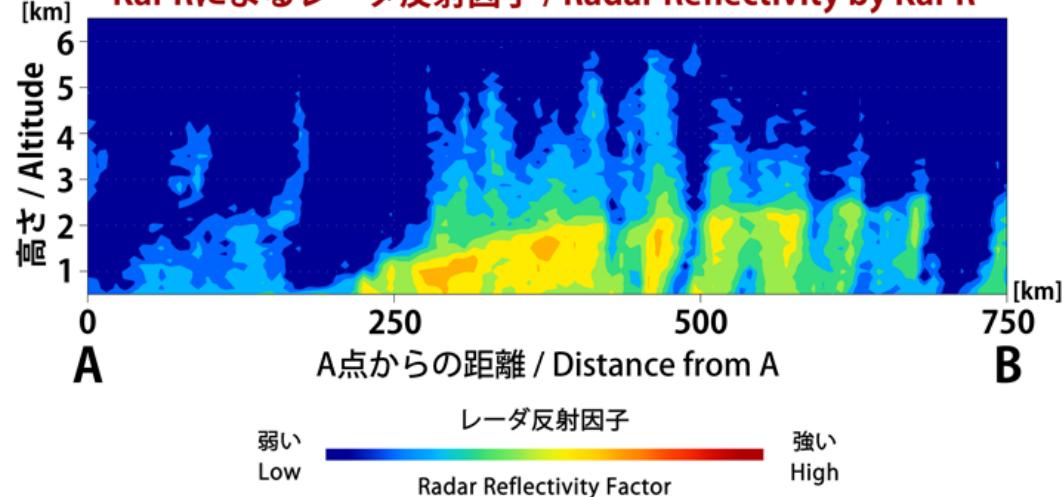
地表付近の降水の強さ / Surface Precipitation Rate



KuPRによるレーダ反射因子 / Radar Reflectivity by KuPR



KaPRによるレーダ反射因子 / Radar Reflectivity by KaPR



JAXA Earth Observation Satellite Lineup

