

Objectives

- Follow recommendations from the ITSC and Trattoria on radiative transfer codes intercomparisons
- Validation of new developments in Radiative Transfer codes
- Identify potential systematic errors:
 - spectroscopic databases
 - numerical integration, parametrization
 - atmospheric models

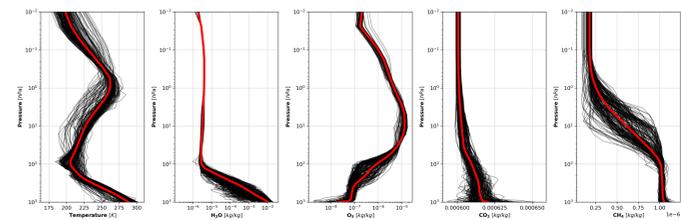
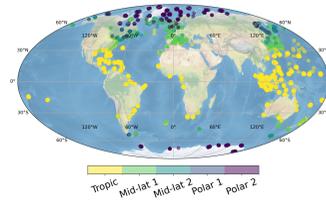
Radiative Transfer Models

	RTTOV v13[1]	4A/OP v1.7[2]
Model type	Fast Band model [†]	Fast Line-By-Line ^{††}
Spectral Range	UV to Submillimeter	Infrared [100 – 14000] cm^{-1}
# Molecules	28 (7 variables)	52
Spectroscopic DB	HITRAN 2012	GEISA 2016
Water Vapor	MT CKD (3.2)	MT CKD (3.2)
Jacobians	✓	✓
Main Purpose	Data assimilation in NWP	Greenhouse Gases Retrievals

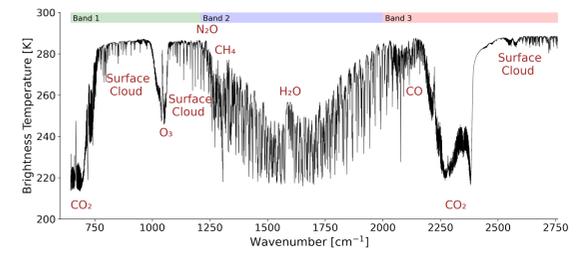
[†] Parametric model of convoluted transmittances (#120 instruments)[3]

^{††} Atlases of monochromatic optical thicknesses

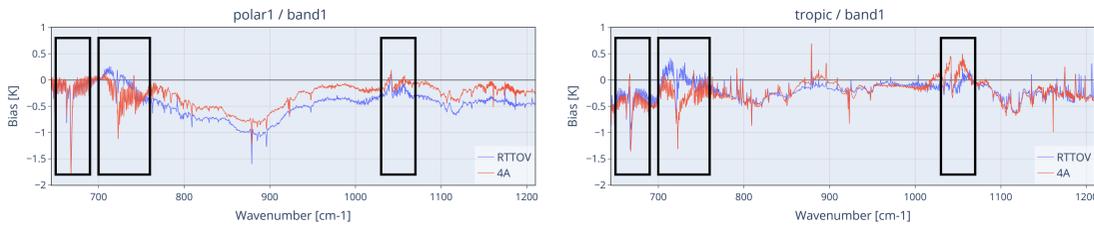
Database of atmospheric profiles collocated with IASI observations



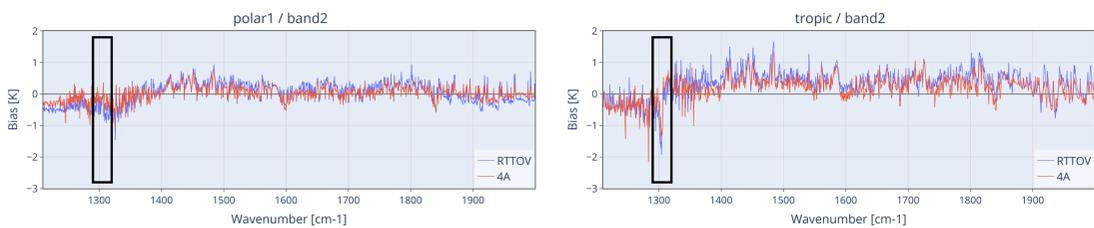
- Radiosounding:** $P(z)$, $T(z)$, $H_2O(z)$
- ERA-interim:** $O_3(z)$, T_{surf}
- CAMS:** $CO_2(z)$, $CH_4(z)$
- Conditions:** Night (avoid non-LTE effect) / Ocean / Clear-sky
- 15310 IASI observations** (Fourier Transform Spectrometer) collocated with 43 levels profiles
- Dataset spans all four seasons of 2017** and profiles are sorted per airmass class



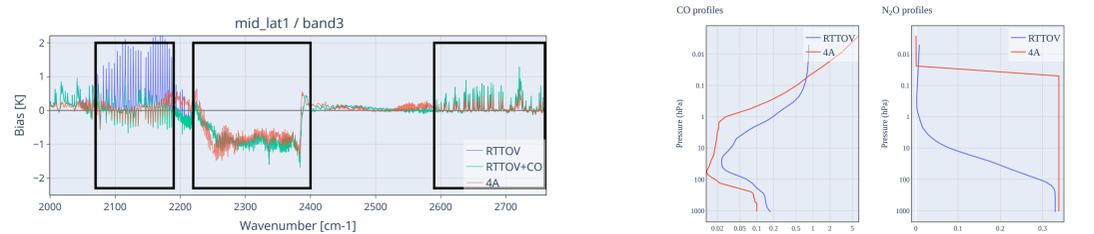
Spectrum comparisons



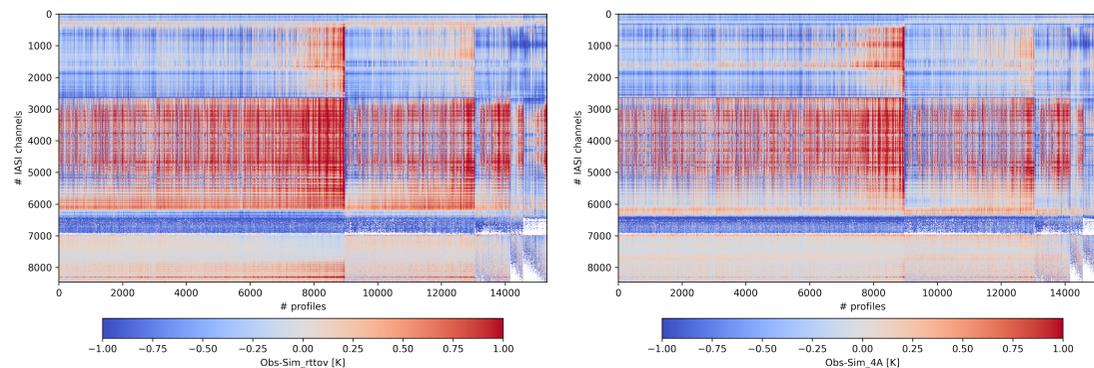
- At 667 cm^{-1} : ARSA temperature profiles extrapolated with ERA-interim reanalysis which is known to have a cold bias \rightsquigarrow Comparisons with ERA-5 ongoing
- Between $[700 - 750]\text{ cm}^{-1}$: More analysis on CO_2 concentration profiles
- Between $[1010 - 1080]\text{ cm}^{-1}$: O_3 spectroscopy is biased, ERA-interim O_3 profiles also biased \rightsquigarrow Study has begun with new ozone spectroscopy in GEISA-2020 and ERA-5 ozone profile
- Slight offset between RTTOV and 4AOP in window channels \rightsquigarrow Due to sea-ice emissivity ([4] in 4A) / Improved in the tropic



- IASI band #2 comprises mostly H_2O continuum absorption \rightsquigarrow RTTOV and 4AOP show very similar trends
- At 1305 cm^{-1} : bias linked to CH_4 \rightsquigarrow line-mixing, concentration profiles
- Increased bias in tropical zone linked to water vapor content overestimated in ERA-interim \rightsquigarrow Study differences between ERA-5 and ERA-interim

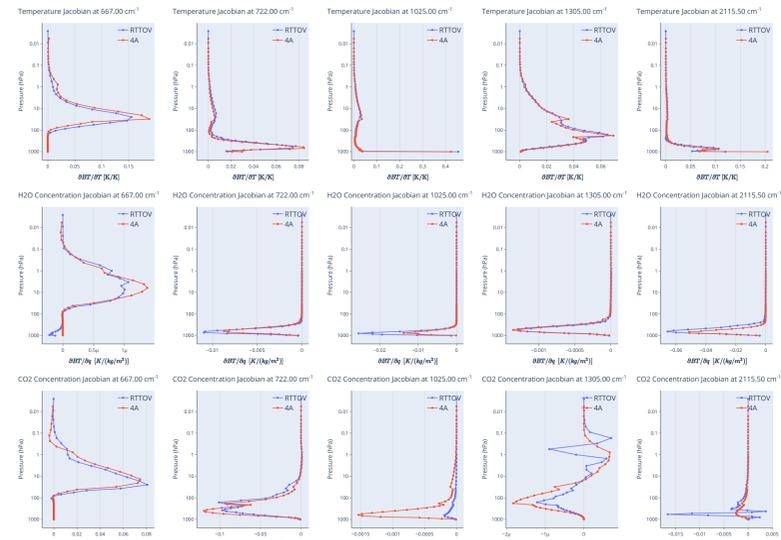


- Bias in the P and R branches from CO absorption in RTTOV \rightsquigarrow Improved by changing the fixed CO concentration profile
- Spectroscopy of CO_2 in $[2230 - 2390]\text{ cm}^{-1}$ + temperature biased
- At 2380 cm^{-1} : line mixing artefact \rightsquigarrow can be corrected by adding a small CO_2 continuum
- Between $[2590 - 2760]\text{ cm}^{-1}$: H_2O vs HDO distinction in 4AOP \rightsquigarrow The profile of HDO is parameterized from the H_2O concentration profile
- At $\sim 2200\text{ cm}^{-1}$: bias linked to N_2O concentration profile



- Spectrum differences grouped by airmass class (tropical, mid-lat1, mid-lat2, polar1, polar2) and sorted in ascending order of Integrated Water Vapor
- Differences are clipped between $[-1, 1]$ Kelvins
- Overallly **4A** model shows slightly better performances than **RTTOV**

Jacobian comparisons



- Temperature jacobians are in good agreement
- Some differences appear in concentration jacobians \rightsquigarrow Likely related to the parameterization of low optical depth values

Conclusions

- Intercomparisons are fundamental for validating spectroscopic databases and new development in codes
- We confronted RTTOV & 4AOP newest versions to IASI observations
- We use a dense set of radiosounds/reanalysed profiles in order to mitigate atmospheric uncertainties
- The results show similar features between RTTOV and 4A/OP biases albeit slight differences within instrumental noise \rightsquigarrow Recommendation: update RTTOV spectroscopic database
- Not shown here: standard deviations for RTTOV and 4A are very similar

Outlook

- New version of the ARSA database available soon with ERA-5 reanalysis
- Introduce realistic concentration profiles for CO and N_2O
- Investigate Jacobians differences (Optical Depth Parameterization)
- Use of a reference for Radiative Transfer (*i.e.*, LBLRTM)
- Couple with inversion procedure to estimate model related bias

References

- R. Saunders, J. Hocking, E. Turner, P. Rayer, D. Rundle, P. Brunel, J. Vidot, P. Roquet, M. Matricardi, A. Geer, N. Bormann, and C. Lupu. An update on the rtov fast radiative transfer model (currently at version 12). *Geoscientific Model Development*, 11(7):2717–2737, 2018.
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