

# Russian polar meteorological satellite system

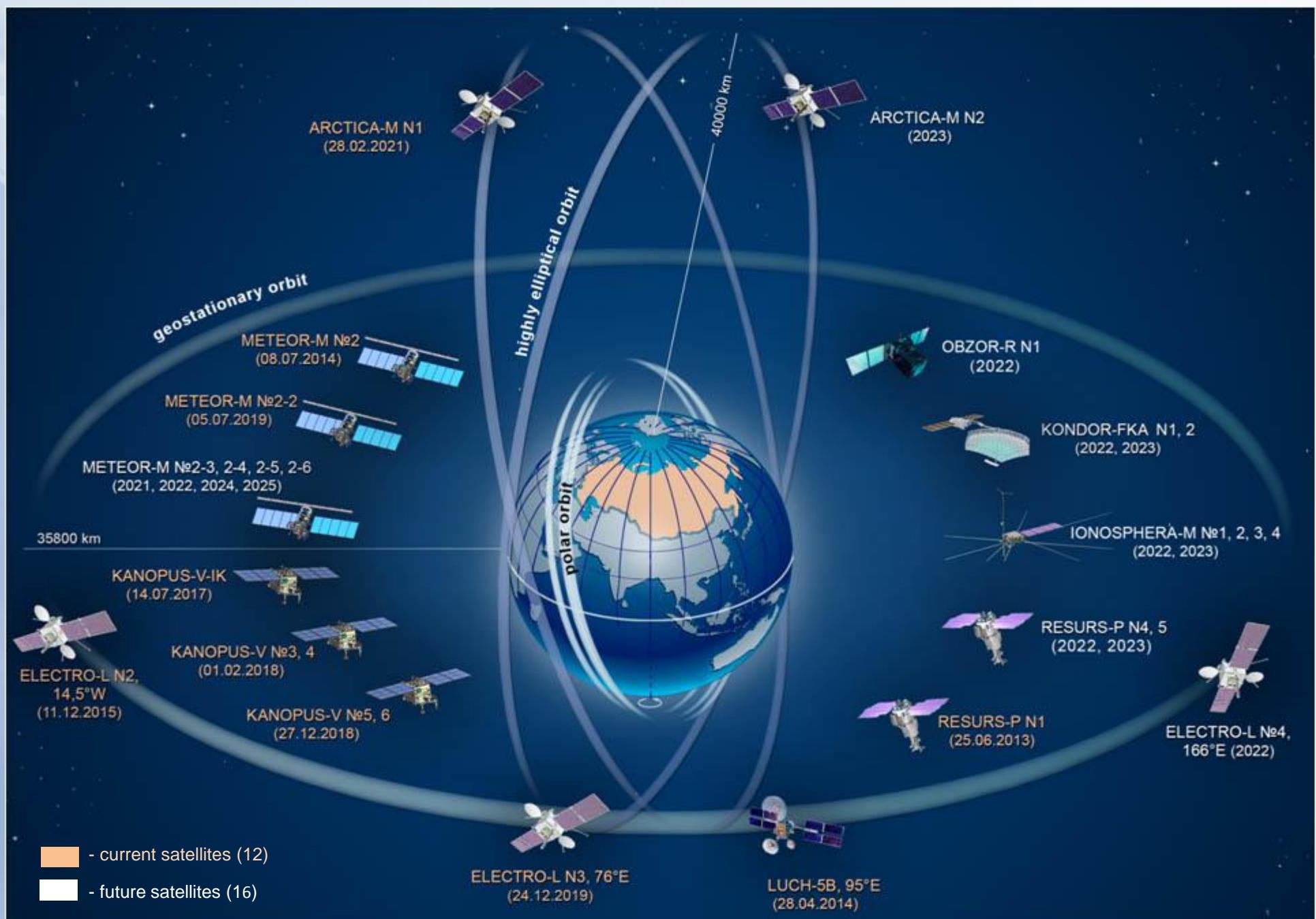
*Sergey Uspensky, SRC Planeta, ROSHYDROMET*



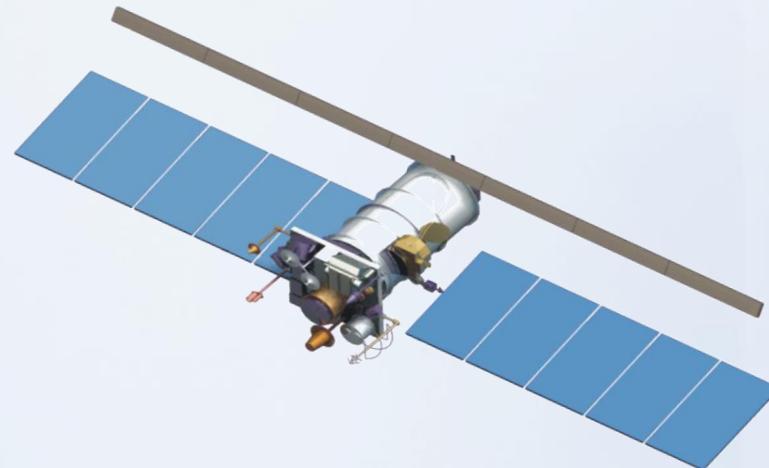
## Overview

Russian meteorological polar-orbiting satellite system of Meteor-M series is now being developed according to Russian Federal Space Program 2016-2025. Meteor-M constellation should comprise of four meteorological satellites on sun-synchronous orbits. Meteor-M satellites are manufactured by VNIIEM Corporation and planned for both morning and afternoon orbits. The payload of Meteor-M satellites should include, among others, scanning radiometers of visible and IR range, and atmospheric IR and microwave sounders. A brief description is given of existing atmospheric sounders (infrared Fourier transform spectrometer IKFS-2 and microwave radiometer MTVZA-GY) flying on Meteor-M №2, № 2-2 satellites. The launch of the next Meteor-M N2-3 satellite is scheduled for 1Q 2022. As for forthcoming instruments, the enhanced IR and microwave sounders IKFS-3, MTVZA-GY-MP should be developed and launched after 2025. General technical characteristics of mentioned sensors are presented.

# RUSSIAN EARTH OBSERVATION SATELLITE SYSTEM



# METEOR-M General Design



Meteor-M N2 was launched  
on **July 8, 2014**  
Meteor-M N2-2 was launched  
on **July 14, 2019**

In-orbit mass – 2700 kg

Payload mass – 1200 kg

Lifetime – 5 years

Orbit – Sun-synchronous

Altitude – 830 km

Data dissemination format – HRPT/LRPT

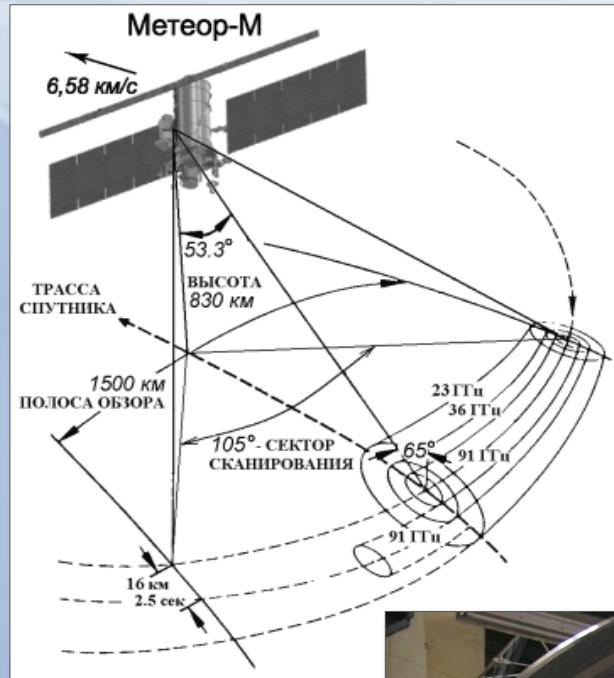
# Meteor-M № 2, 2-2, 2-3, 2-4, 2-5

## Basic Instruments Specifications

Instrument	Application	Spectral band	Swath-width (km)	Resolution (km)
<b>MSU-MR</b> Low-resolution multi-channel scanning unit	Global and regional cloud cover mapping, ice and snow cover observation, forest fire monitoring...	0,5 – 12,5 $\mu$ m (6 channels)	3000	1 x 1
<b>KMSS</b> Visible spectrum scanning imager	Earth surface monitoring for various tasks (floods, soil and vegetation cover state, ice cover)	0,4-0,9 $\mu$ m (3+3 channels)	450/900	0,05/0,1
<b>MTVZA-GY</b> Imager-sounder (module for temperature and humidity sounding of the atmosphere)	Atmospheric temperature and humidity profiles, sea surface wind	10,6-183,3 GHz (26 channels)	2600	12 – 75
<b>IKFS-2</b> Advanced IR sounder (infrared Fourier-spectrometer)	Atmospheric temperature and humidity profiles	5-15 $\mu$ m	2000	35
<b>“Severjanin-M” *, BRLK</b> Synthetic aperture radar	All-weather Ice coverage monitoring	9500-9700 MHz	600	0,4 x 0,5
<b>GGAK-M</b> Heliogeophysical instrument suite	Heliogeophysical data providing			
<b>BRK SSPD</b> Data Collection System	Data retransmission from DCP			

\*only for Meteor-M N2

# Microwave Imager/Sounder MTVZA-GY



Scheme of scanning



Instrument MTVZA-GY

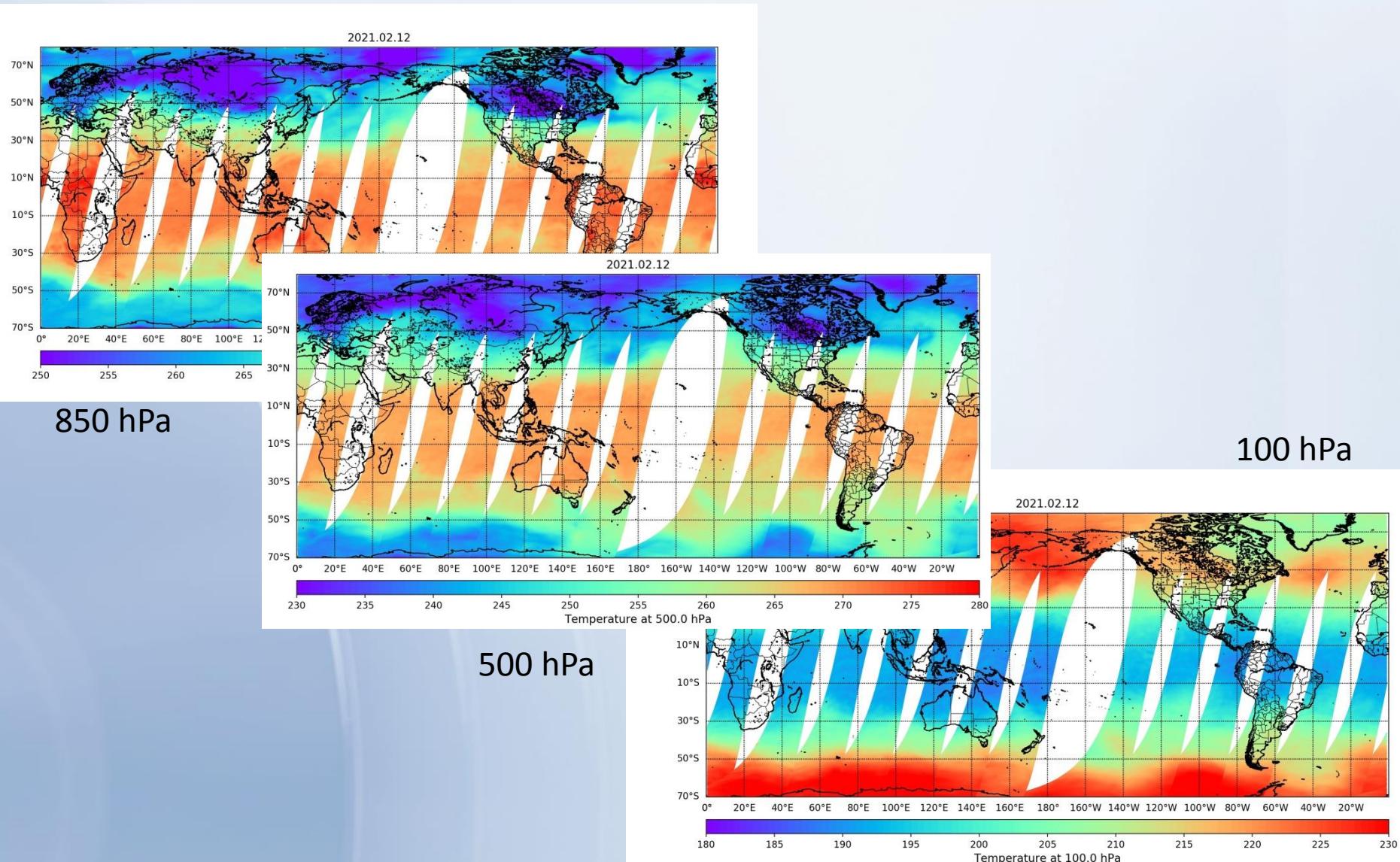
Parameter	Value
Frequencies, GHz	10.6, 18.7, 23.8, 36.5, 52-57, 91, 183.31
Channels	29
Antenna Aperture, cm	65
Spatial Resolution, km	16-198
Sensitivity, K/pixel	0.3-1.7
Calibration Accuracy, K	< 1
Swath Width, km	1800
Conical Scanning Period, s	2.5
Data Rate, Kbit/s	35
Mass, kg	94
Power , W	80

# MTVZA-GY atmospheric sounding channels

Channel	Central Frequency, GHz	Number of Passbands	Polarization	Passband (-3 dB), MHz	Pixel size, km×km	Antenna beam, km×km	Sensitivity, K/pixel	Peak Weight Function, km
O1(15)	52.80	1	V	400	21x48	32x32	0.4	2
O2(16)	53.30	1	V	400	21x48	32x32	0.4	4
O3(17)	53.80	1	V	400	21x48	32x32	0.4	6
O4(18)	54.65	1	V	400	21x48	32x32	0.4	10
O5(19)	55.63	1	V	400	21x48	32x32	0.4	14
O6(20)	$F_0 \pm 0.1$	4	H	50	21x48	48x48	0.4	20
O7	$F_0 \pm 0.05$	4	H	20	21x48	48x48	0.7	25
O8	$F_0 \pm 0.025$	4	H	10	21x48	48x48	0.9	29
O9	$F_0 \pm 0.01$	4	H	5	21x48	48x48	1.3	35
O10	$F_0 \pm 0.005$	4	H	3	21x48	48x48	1.7	42
HO1	$183.31 \pm 7.0$	2	V	1500	9x21	32x32	0.5	1.5
HO2	$183.31 \pm 3.0$	2	V	1000	9x21	32x32	0.6	2.9
HO3	$183.31 \pm 1.4$	2	V	500	9x21	32x32	0.8	5.3

$$F_0 = 57.290344 \pm 0.3222 \text{ GHz}$$

# Temperature fields retrieved from MTVZA-GY/Meteor-M N2-2 data (21 March 2021)



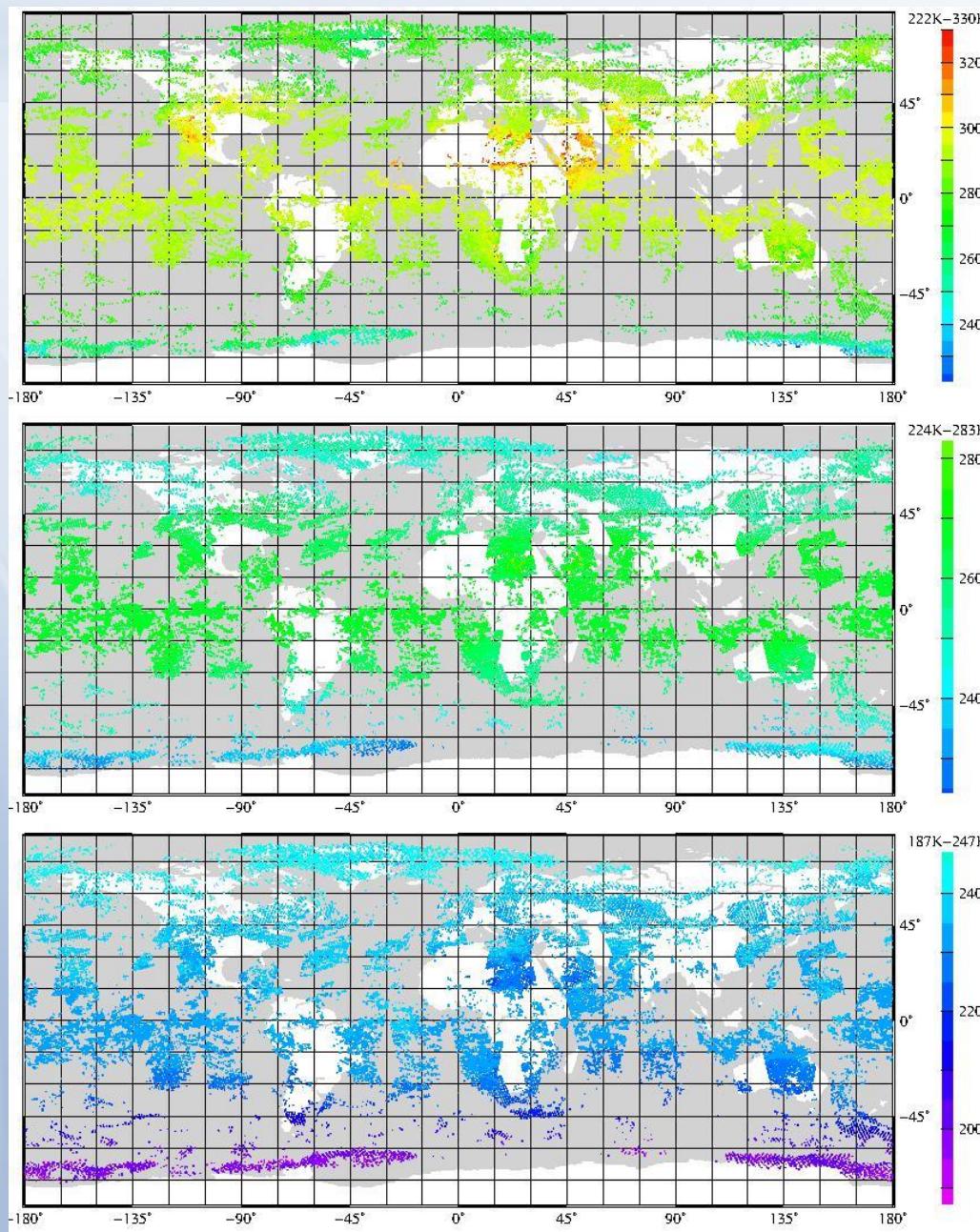
# Advanced IR Sounder IKFS-2



Parameter	Units	Value
Spectral range: wavelength wave number	$\mu\text{m}$ $\text{cm}^{-1}$	5-15 2000-665
Reference channel wavelength	$\mu\text{m}$	1.06
Maximum optical path difference (OPD)	mm	17
Angular size of FOV	mrad	40 x 40
Spatial resolution (at sub-satellite point)	km	35
Swath width and spatial sampling	km	2500, 110 2000, 100
Duration of the interferogram measurement	s	0.5
Dynamic range		$2^{16}$
Mass	kg	45-50
Power	W	50

Spectral range	Absorption band	Application
665 to 780 $\text{cm}^{-1}$	$\text{CO}_2$	Temperature profile
790 to 980 $\text{cm}^{-1}$	Atmospheric window	Surface parameters ( $T_s$ , $\varepsilon_v$ ), cloud properties
1000 to 1070 $\text{cm}^{-1}$	$\text{O}_3$	Ozone sounding
1080 to 1150 $\text{cm}^{-1}$	Atmospheric window	$T_s$ , $\varepsilon_v$ ; cloud properties
1210 to 1650 $\text{cm}^{-1}$	$\text{H}_2\text{O}$ , $\text{N}_2\text{O}$ , $\text{CH}_4$	Moisture profile, $\text{CH}_4$ , $\text{N}_2\text{O}$ , column amounts

# Temperature fields retrieved from IKFS-2/Meteor-M N2 data



06.06.2021 Meteor-M #2 IKFS-2 Temp. 26924 retrievals 925/500/10 hPa

# Comparison of IR sounder IKFS-3 with CrIS/SNPP, IASI/Metop, IASI-NG/Metop-SG

IKFS-3	
Spectral bands	645...2760 cm <sup>-1</sup> (3.6-15.5 μm)
LW, cm <sup>-1</sup>	645...1200
MW, cm <sup>-1</sup>	1200...2000
SW, cm <sup>-1</sup>	2000...2760
<b>Spectral resolution, cm<sup>-1</sup></b>	<b>0.25 /0.125</b>
Band width, km	1000/2000
Spatial Resolution ,km	<b>14</b>

	IASI	IASI-NG	
Spectral bands	8461 spectral channels 15.50 .. 3.63 μm (645 – 2760 cm <sup>-1</sup> )	16 920 spectral channels 15.50 .. 3.63 μm (645 – 2760 cm <sup>-1</sup> )	
Spectral Resolution	0.25 cm <sup>-1</sup>	0.125 cm <sup>-1</sup>	
Spatial Resolution, km Band width, km	H 12/ V 1 2130	H 12/ V 1 2130	
CrIS			
Spectral bands	1305 spectral channels 3.92 .. 15.38 μm, Spectral resolution 0.625 cm <sup>-1</sup>		
	LWIR	MWIR	SWIR
cm <sup>-1</sup>	650-1095	1210-1750	2155-2550
μm	15.38-9.14	8.26-5.71	4.64-3.92
Spatial Resolution, km	H14/ V 1		
Band width, km	2200		

## METEOR-MP Basic Payload (Meteorological)

- Low-resolution multi-channel scanning radiometer;
- Visible spectrum scanning imager (moderate resolution multispectral imaging system);
- Infrared Fourier-transform spectrometer;
- Atmospheric composition spectrometer;
- Microwave imager-sounder (module for temperature and humidity sounding of the atmosphere);
- Side-looking radar system;
- Radio-occultation instrument;
- Data collection system;
- Heliogeophysical instruments suite;
- 137MHz data downlink system;
- 1.7GHz data downlink system;
- X-band data downlink system.

**Thank you!**

