# The Use of Level-1d ATOVS Radiances in GASP

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# Overview

- Brief description of 1DVAR in GenSI
- Use of Radiances in operational GASP
- New T239L60 GASP model
- New AAPP radiances from Met Office
- AAPP radiances in L60 assimilation
- Experimental results
- Future Work

# **1DVAR Retrieval System**

- Based on ECMWF (Eyre et. al. 1993) system
- Direct computation of background and retrieval error for each retrieval to implement variance and increment scaling.
- Retrieval mapped onto 15 thick layers
- Information content of radiances determines weight of layer increments in GenSI analysis
- Harris and Kelly (2001) radiance bias correction

#### Assimilation of Retrievals

 $x_{b,r}^{thick} = P(x_{b,r}) \qquad \mathbf{R}^{thick} = \mathbf{P}(x_r)^T \mathbf{R} \ \mathbf{P}(x_r)$  $\Lambda_i^{th,rh} = \frac{\sigma_{Ri}^{2\ th,rh}}{\sigma_{Bi}^{2\ th,rh} - \sigma_{Ri}^{2\ th,rh}} \qquad \mathbf{B}^{thick} = \mathbf{P}(x_r)^T \mathbf{B} \ \mathbf{P}(x_r)$ 

 $\Delta th'_{i} = (1 + \Lambda_{i}^{th}) \ \Delta th_{i} \qquad \Delta rh'_{i} = (1 + \Lambda_{i}^{rh}) \ \Delta rh_{i}$ 

 $\sigma_{R_i}^{\prime 2 th, rh} = \Lambda_i^{th, rh} \sigma_{B_i}^{2 th, rh} = (1 + \Lambda_i^{th, rh}) \sigma_{R_i}^{2 th, rh}$ 

# **1DVAR/GASP**



#### **1DVAR**

- Background errors in temperature and mixing ratio.
- Uncorrected radiances as input.
- Background temperature and mixing ratio profile as input.
- Background and retrieval in thickness and mean layer relative humidity as output.
- Background and retrieval errors in thickness and precipitable water as output.

#### GASP

- Background errors in wind and geopotential height.
- 1DVAR precipitable water errors converted to relative humidity.
- Scaling factors computed as a function of 1DVAR background and retrieval errors.
- GASP background error scaled to give pseudoobservation error.
- Scaled increments of thickness and relative humidity, plus pseudo-observation error passed to analysis.

# **Operational GASP**

- T239L29 model top at 10 hPa
- NESDIS Level 2 ATOVS 120km product 1DVAR retrievals below 100 hPa
- NESDIS retrievals above 100 hPa
- Radiative transfer (RTTOV-7) uses NESDIS retrievals from 10 hPa to 0.1 hPa
- NOAA-15 and 16 only, no AMSU-B

# Old 50 Level GASP Model

- Only 5 sigma levels above 10hPa
- Many levels in boundary layer
- Required high Raleigh friction over 4 levels
- Promising results but bad biases especially over Northern Hemisphere

# New 60 Level Model

- 10 levels above 10 hPa
- Care taken with level spacing (G.Roff)
- Excel spreadsheet to view and modify level spacing
- Smoothing by hand in sigma and ln(sigma)
- Some modification to GASP code (M. Naughton)
- Raleigh friction only applied in top 2 levels
- Biases greatly reduced

# Sigma Levels



# Delta-Sigma



# Delta ln(sigma)



#### **AAPP** Radiances from Met Office

- Level-1d radiances from NOAA-15, 16, 17
- AMSU-B radiances
- AQUA AMSU-A available
- No retrieval
- Different microwave remapping than NESDIS
- HIRS footprint 30km resolution
- No cloud detection performed

# **NESDIS vs AAPP Radiances**

- AAPP radiances from Met Office consistent with locally received ATOVS data
- Coincident HIRS radiances the same
- AMSU-A radiances very different
- RTTOV FASTEM-1 microwave emissivity gives much smaller scan biases for AAPP radiances

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MD04(DEG) SAT=207 NHR=4 NMIN=31 46



## Use of AAPP Radiances in 1dvar

- Level-1d use –2K check on HIRS Ch-8 radiance departure
- ECMWF/Grody AMSU-A tests for surface type and precipitation
- AMSU-B –6K check on Ch B-2

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# **Experimental Results**

- GASP vs L60\_nes vs L60\_1d
- Observation fitting statistics 6h first guess
- Cold bias from NESDIS radiances
- Removed using AAPP radiances
- RMS error much smaller
- Forecast verification using 60 levels















































# Addition of NOAA-17 HIRS

- Some improvement
- NOAA-16 HIRS malfunction mid Dec 04
- Drop-out around Jan 10 2005
- NOAA-17 makes up for missing HIRS information - especially water vapour





## **Current Work**

#### Monitoring AMSU-B from NOAA-15,16 and 17







## **Current Work**

- Initial tests using AMSU-B show change in tropical moisture but little impact
- Added AMSU-A from AQUA with little impact
- Possibly due to limitation of 1DVAR system

## Future Work

- Increase use of retrievals over land and ice
- Move to direct use of radiances in GenSI/3DVAR (with Peter Steinle)
- Other systems (SSMIS, AIRS, IASI...)