

GOES IR Sounder – future perspective from current applications

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Outline

- GOES-I(8)/P Sounders
- Selected Applications of Current GOES Sounder Products
- Transition from Current GOES IR Sounder to Geo Hyperspectral IR Sounder
- Future Perspective of Geo IR Hyperspectral IR Sounder
- Summary





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Current GOES sounder obtains 18 broad spectral IR bands

Description: GOES-I(8)/P Sounders

- 19 channels (18 Infrared; 1 Visible)
- Spatial resolution: ~ 10km
- Hourly scanning over CONUS and adjacent waters
- Products include standard imagery and derived, Level-2 products



GOES Sounder Product	Operational Use within the NWS
Clear-sky Radiances	Assimilation into NCEP operational regional & global NWP models over water
Layer & Total Precipitable Water	Assimilation into NCEP operational regional & global NWP models; display and animation within NWS AWIPS for use by forecasters at NWS WFOs & National Centers in forecasting precipitation and severe weather
Cloud-top retrievals (pressure, temperature, cloud amount)	Assimilation into NCEP operational regional NWP models; display and animation within NWS AWIPS for use by forecasters at NWS WFOs; supplement to NWS/ASOS cloud measurements for generation of total cloud cover product at NWS/ASOS sites
Surface skin temperature	Image display and animation within NWS AWIPS for use by forecasters at NWS WFOs
Profiles of temp & moisture	Display (SKEW-Ts) within NWS AWIPS for use by forecasters at NWS WFOs in forecasting precipitation and severe weather
Atmospheric stability indices	Image display and animation within NWS AWIPS for use by forecasters at NWS WFOs in forecasting precipitation and severe weather
Water Vapor Winds	Image display and animation within NWS AWIPS for use by forecasters at NWS WFOs



Forecast Systems Laboratory D-2D (fxa)

Temperature & Moisture Profiles





- **Physical Retrieval** (Ma et al, 1999)
 - Short-term (< 12 hrs) GFS model forecasts provide first guess
 - Hourly surface observations, NCEP SST analysis provide boundary conditions
 - Computed at 40 levels
 - Pixel level retrievals
- Distributed to AWIPS, NCEP
- Operational Applications
 Nowcasting
 - Aids in monitoring of vertical structure of temperature and moisture of the atmosphere
 - Fills in gaps between conventional observations
 - Convective potential and morphology
 - Situational awareness in preconvective environments for potential watch/warning scenarios

View from space





Hourly LI indicates instability 5 hours before OK tornado 3 May 99

View from ground



April 13 – 14 hail storm case

















NWS Forecast Office Assessment of GOES Sounder Atmospheric Instability





Summer 99 Forecaster assessment of usefulness of changes in hourly LI, CAPE, & CINH product for predicting location/timing of thunderstorms

Out of 248 valid weather cases:

- Significant Positive Impact (30%)
- Slight Positive Impact (49%)
- No Discernible Impact (19%)
- Slight Negative Impact (2%)
- Significant Negative Impact (0)

Figure from the National Weather Service, Office of Services

GOES Sounder Data and Products

Some Non-Operational Products

• DPI Products (Not available on AWIPS, but via web pages,etc)

Downburst potential product

- Aids in monitoring and situational awareness in pre-convective environments
- Assessment and short term forecasting of severe convective storm and downburst wind gust potential
- Convective Available Potential Energy (CAPE) DPI
 - Aids in monitoring and situational awareness in pre-convective environments
- Convective Inhibition (CINH) DPI
 - Aids in monitoring and situational awareness in pre-convective environments
- Layer Precipitable Water (PW) DPI
 - Useful in tracking SW monsoon moisture
- 700-500 MB Temperature Lapse Rate DPI
 - Used to identify areas of elevated instability
- Other Products
 - Ozone
 - Outgoing Longwave Radiation (OLR)

OMI and GOES 12 (12 Feb 2006)



GOES ozone and OMI agree very well (Li et al. 2006, GRL) Collaborative work from this project is also presented by John A. Knox of University of Georgia, the title of oral presentation is "GOES single FOV total column ozone: development and initial results" at the AMS2006 meeting held in Atlanta, GA

Use GOES Sounder ozone to study non-convective wind storm



Challenges: Current & Future

- GOES sounder data and products are well established in operational environments
 - Contribute to meeting NOAA mission goals
 - Demonstrated to have positive impact in nowcasting and NWP applications

Many challenges remain.....

Need for new instruments

- Faster scanning; adaptable scanning strategies
- Improved vertical resolving power
 - Improved depiction of vertical distribution of moisture
- Surface emissivity determination

Need to reduce product latency

- Streamlined product processing
- Improved product quality control & monitoring to assure the reliability of high quality products
- Getting experimental satellite products into the hands of NWS forecasters & NWP Centers
 - Especially those that have the potential to positively impact weather forecasts and services



Sounder product improvement



Simulated TPW retrievals over CONUS with lifted index <0 (~300 independent cases)

(CIMSS/UW)



Simulated TPW retrievals over CONUS with lifted index <0 (~300 independent cases)

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Sounder Comparison (GOES-Current to Future-Req)

	Current	Future req.
Coverage Rate	CONUS/hr	Sounding Disk/hr
Horizontal Resolution		
Sampling Distance	10 km	5 - 10 km
Sounding FOR	30-50 km	10 km
Vertical Resolution	~3 km	1 km
Accuracy		
Temperature	2 deg. K	1 deg. K
Relative Humidity	20%	10%

Different AIRS spectrum from one AIRS granule



Hyperspectral IR measurements provide detailed features on surface, atmosphere, clouds, dust, etc. Hyperspectral IR measurements provide profile with high vertical resolution





(CIMSS/UW)



Hourly AIRS measurements within an approximate geostationary disk coverage area



A geostationary hyperspectral sounder will provide full hourly disk coverage rather than the partial coverage available with polar orbiting sounders.

(CIMSS/UW)



UW/CIMSS



SEVIRI total ozone retrieval



Summary

- Current GOES Sounder provides important products that have been used in NWP and short range forecasts and nowcasts
- ABI can be used together with forecast to continue the current GOES Sounder
- Geo hyperspectral IR sounder is needed to meet future NWP requirement
 - Depict large water vapor variations spatially and temporally
 - Improve thunderstorm over land
 - Emissivity determination over land
 - Low level inversion and cape inversion detection and retrieval