Comparisons of IR Sounder and COSMIC Radio Occultation Temperatures:

Guidance for CrIS NUCAPS Validation

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- Background
- Methods
- Results
 - 1. 6 year 'climatology' of COSMIC and AIRS comparisons
 - 2. Monthly operational sounder and COSMIC comparisons
- Conclusions



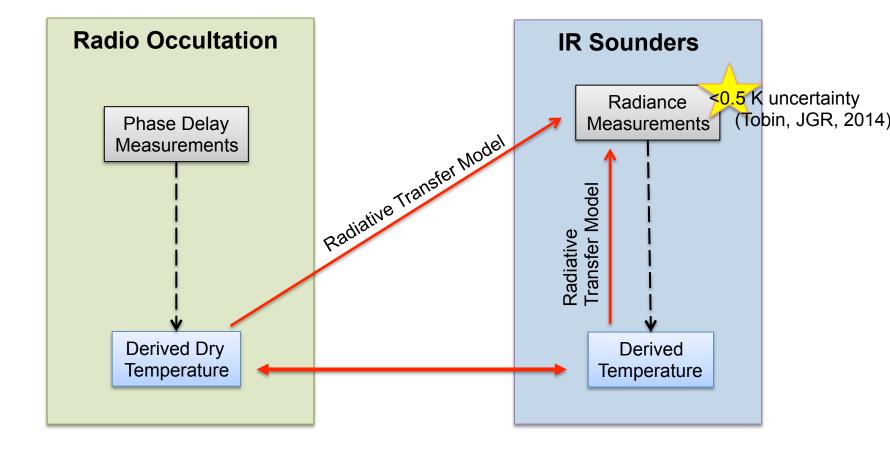
Objective: compare radio occultation (RO) and IR sounder temperatures
**two independent measurements

Continuation of work

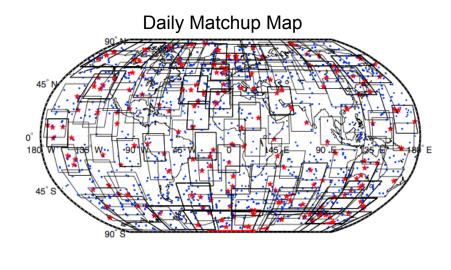
Feltz et al., 2014, AMT, Application of GPS radio occultation to the assessment of temperature profile retrievals from microwave and infrared sounders

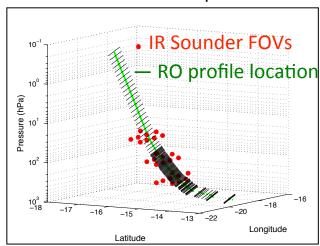
- Previous datasets compared
 - IR : NASA AIRSv5, NOAA IASI, CrIMSS
 - RO: UCAR COSMIC, UCAR GRAS
- Datasets compared in this study
 - IR: NASA AIRSv6, EUMETSAT IASI A/Bv6, NOAA NUCAPS CrIS
 - RO: UCAR COSMIC, UCAR COSMIC2013

Methods: Comparisons Overviews



Methods: Temperature Profile Matchup





Individual Matchup Case

- Use profile-to-profile methodology
 - Accounts for RO profile geometry and horizontal resolution
 - 1 hour time criterion
- Method is consistent across different RO/IR sounder pairs
 - create consistently sized 6-8 min sounder granules

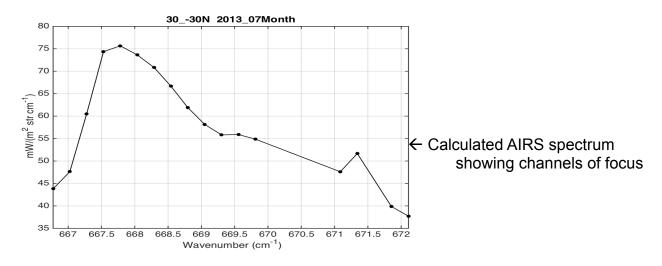
Feltz, M. et al. (2014), A methodology for the validation of temperature profiles from hyperspectral infrared sounders using GPS radio occultation: Experience with AIRS and COSMIC, JGR, doi:10.1002/2013JD020853.

Methods: Radiance Calculations

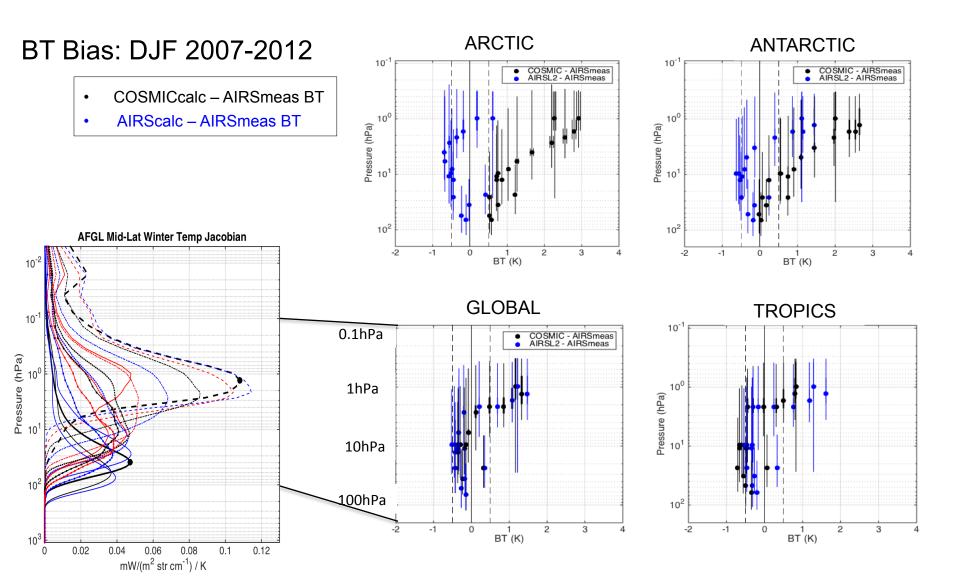
Optimal Spectral Sampling RTM

- Input:
 - ERA-Interim 0.75°, 6-hrly: sfc pressure, skin temp, ozone profile
 - CDAAC ERA-interpolated:
 - Carbon Tracker 2° zonal:
 - AIRS L1B sensor view ang.:
 - AIRS L2 and COSMIC:

- water vapor profile
- carbon dioxide profile
- slant view angle (L2's corresponding L1B 3x3 mean) temperature profiles
- Methodological uncertainty larger for channels w/ WFs peaking above ~10hPa



Results 1: COSMIC/AIRSv6 6 yr Comparison

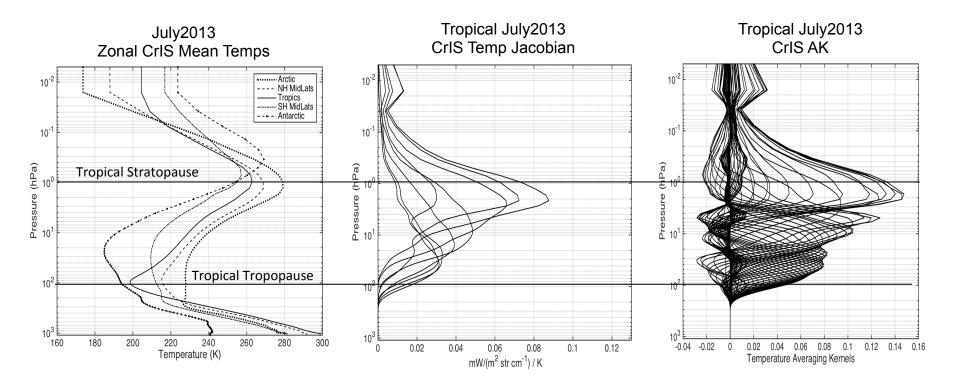


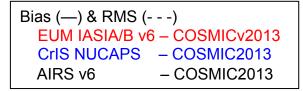


• **Previous:** 6 years of COSMIC vs. AIRSv6 BT comparisons

• Next: Monthly operational sounder / RO temperature profile comparisons

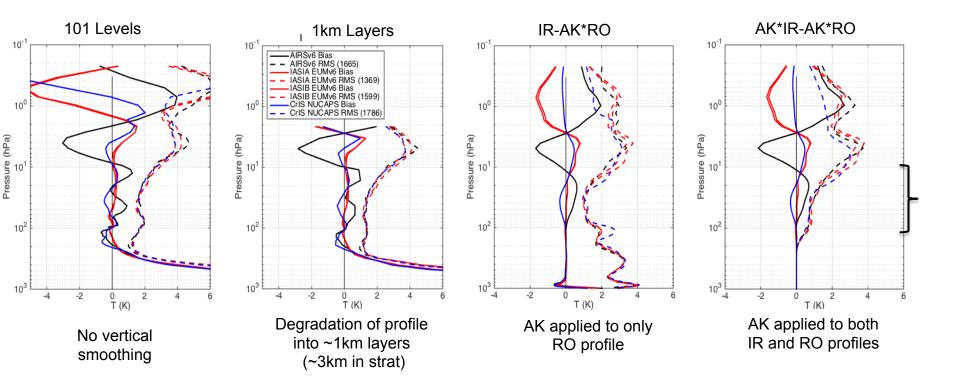
- Different vertical smoothings are applied to the temperature profile comparisons
- AKs calculated for 15µm CO2 band for each instrument using mean zonal IR temp profiles merged with AFGL climatology

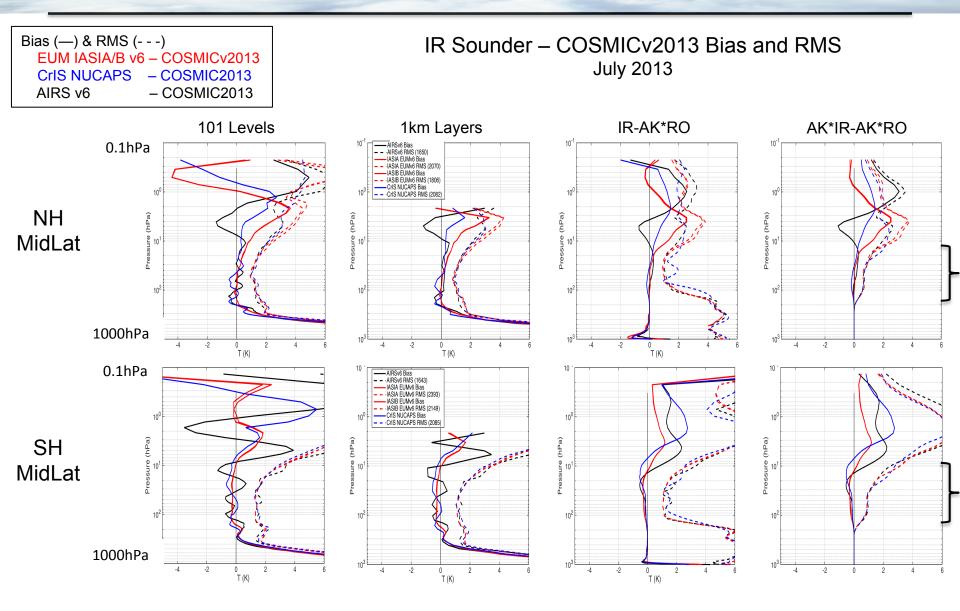


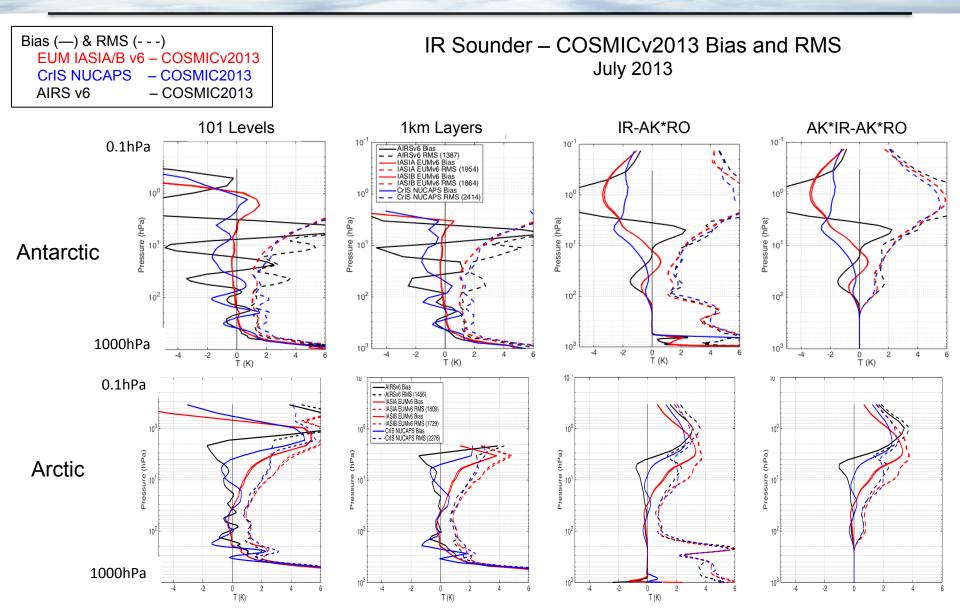


IR Sounder – COSMICv2013 Bias and RMS

Tropics: 30N-30S Oct 2013







Conclusions

- Comparisons of calculated COSMIC and AIRS radiances to measured AIRS radiances were made over 6 year period
 - Globally and for the tropics, both COSMIC and AIRS calc radiances were within the 0.5K agreement with the AIRS measured radiances for channels whose K's peaked from 100 ~5hPa
 - COSMIC temp has a seasonally dependent error that increases towards the poles and with height above ~10hPa
- Monthly comparisons of COSMIC2013 with AIRSv6, EUM IASI v6, & CrIS NUCAPS were made
 - NUCAPS, where RO is most accurate, has a bias of under 0.5K magnitude in the tropics and globally, while in polar zones, depending on the season, biases of up to 1K were seen
 - EUMETSAT IASI and AIRSv6 biases are under 1K btwn 100-10hPa in the tropics & mid-lats
 - In the polar winter seasons, AIRSv6 bias exhibits large vertical oscillations while NUCAPS has similar but smaller artifacts, and EUM IASI shows no artifact

Thank You