DBNet - Status and Plans

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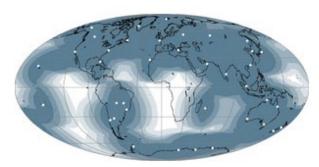


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DBNet concept and objectives

- Global availability of near real-time LEO data received by a collection of Direct Broadcast stations distributed around the world
- Ensuring global consistency by using common software (i.e. AAPP) consistent with global processors, standardized coding and file naming, and quality monitoring
- Dissemination by the WMO Information System (primarily GTS)
- Coordinated by WMO Space Programme, supported by CGMS



DBNet-ATOVS coverage in February 2019

- Initial target established 2004: NOAA and Metop ATOVS_a (L1b) from 90% of the globe available on the GTS in 30 min
- Latency goal revised 2015 to 20 minutes to reflect evolving SRNWP needs
- Goal achieved for ATOVS (2017)



Case for DBNet (Sep 2019)

- Global LEO Data Latency Summary (NWPSAF monitoring for ATOVS and ATMS)
 - Metop-B and NOAA-20 have overall latency of 50 min (90% of data) through use of Svalbard and McMurdo)
 - Metop-A, -C and Suomi-NPP have latency around 100 minutes (Svalbard only)
 - FY-3C has 290 min latency for MWHS. (Use of Kiruna and China Ground Stations)
 - FY-3D also uses Trollsat on Antarctica, thus improving the global latency, 180 min for MWHS.
- Case still remains clear for DBNet with goal of 20 minutes latency



DBNet components

- DBNet is composed of regional networks coordinated by regional or sub-regional nodes and the global DBNet Coordination Group (https://community.wmo.int/direct-broadcast-network-dbnet)
- Global monitoring of product consistency is performed by the NWPSAF (http://nwpsaf.eu/site/monitoring/dbnet/)
- Last coordination meeting held in Paris, October 2018
- Inter-sessional meeting, July 2019

Regional Network	Regional or Sub-regional Node	
DBNet – EUMETSAT	EUMETSAT	
(EARS)		
DBNet - Asia-Pacific	JMA	
	ВоМ	
DBNet - South America	INPE	
	SMN Argentina / CONAE	
DBNet - NOAA	NOAA / CIMSS	

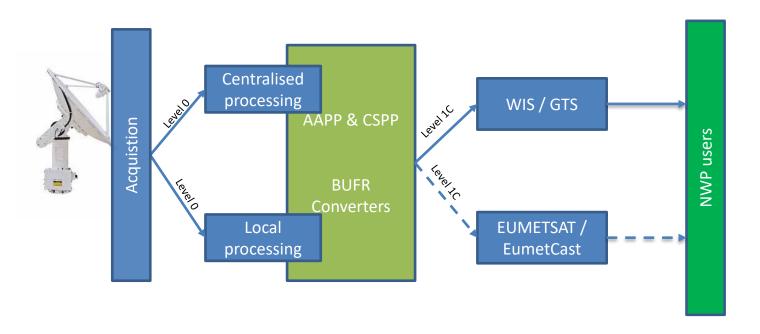


Guide endorsed by WMO Commission for Basic Systems in Nov 2016



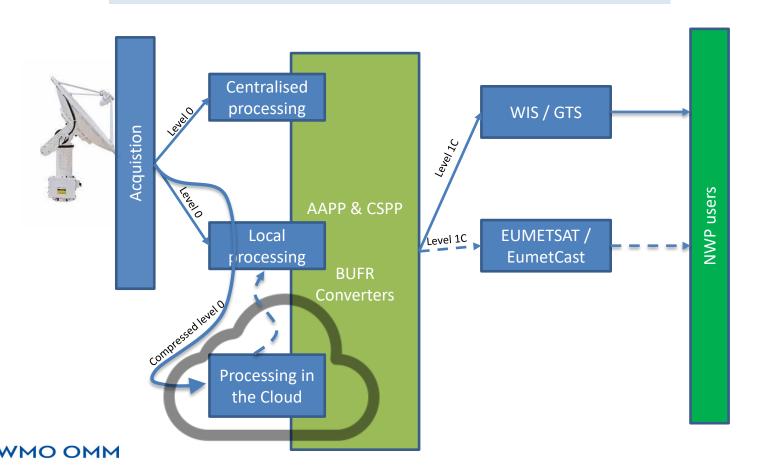


DBNet processing





DBNet processing



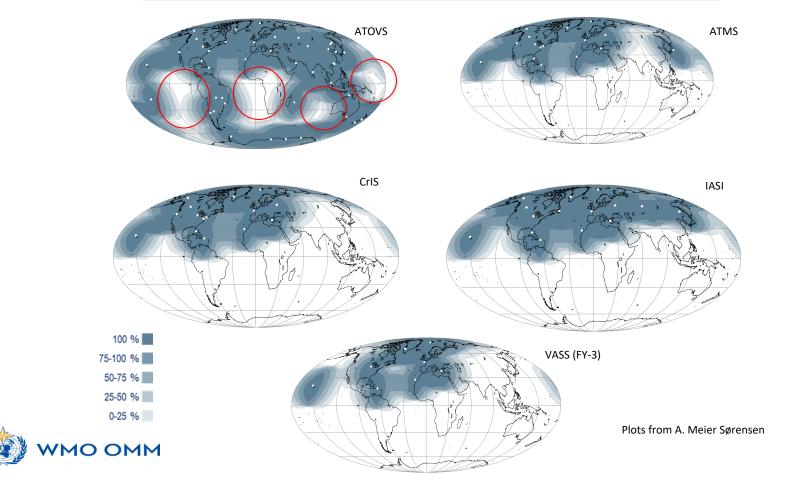
Current and potential DBNet services

- Each DBNet regional network contributes to one or more "Services"
- A DBNet Service consists of Direct Broadcast acquisition, processing and relay of a category of satellite data

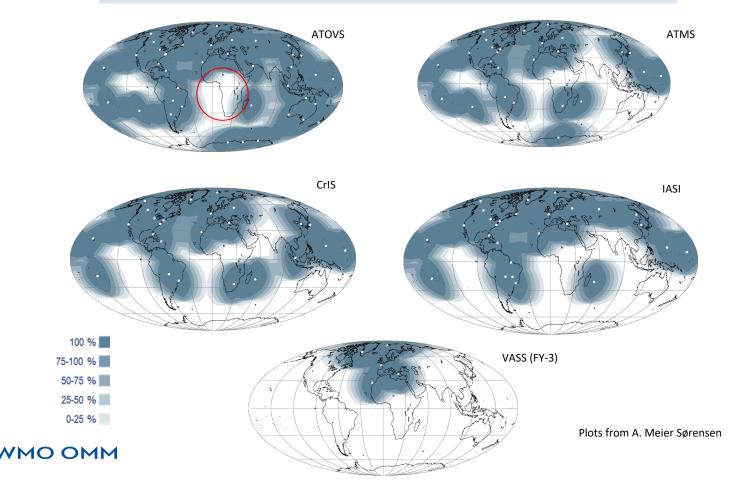
Categories of services	Services/Instruments	Data latency goal/threshold
IR/MW sounding	ATOVS (AMSU-A, MHS, HIRS) ATMS, VASS (MWTS, MWHS, IRAS)	20 min/ 30 min
Hyperspectral IR sounding	Cris, IASI, HIRAS	10 min/ 20 min
IR/VIS imaging	VIIRS, AVHRR, MERSI	20 min/ 30 min
Scatterometry	ASCAT	20 min/ 30 min
MW imagery	MWRI, AMSR-2, MTVZA-GY	20 min/ 30 min



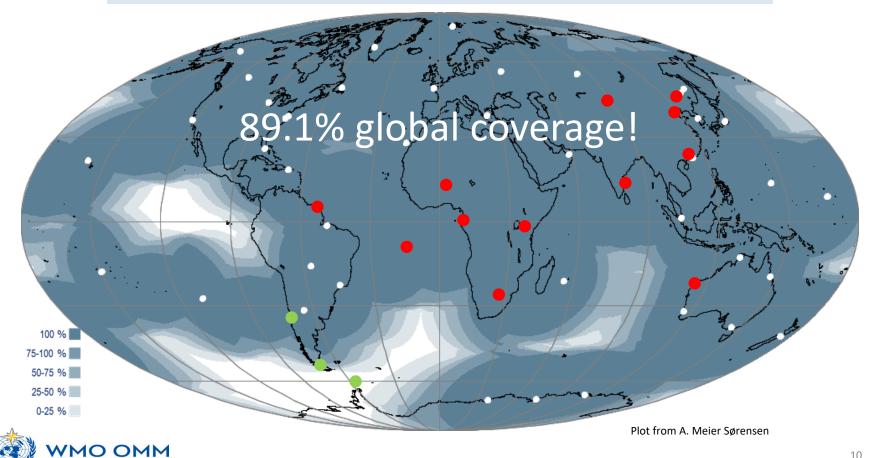
DBNet Coverage August 2016



DBNet Coverage October 2019



DBNet ATOVS Expected Coverage 2021



Further DBNet coverage extension

South America

- INPE cooperation with SIPAM (Sistema de Proteção da Amazônia) regarding new stations in Manaus, Porto Velho and Belem.
- New Argentina station in Tierra del Fuego
- Southeast Pacific
 - Chile DMC: Santiago, Punta Arenas (53°S) and Base Frei (62°S); fills the gap SE Pacific and SW Atlantic. Hope to get cooperation agreement.
 - Chile DMC: Isla de Pasqua: ATMS and ATOVS products now available, cooperation between CIMSS and station operator (CLS)
- Southwest Indian Ocean
 - Station in Learmonth planned by BoM (~2021)



DWD Delay Statistics for ATMS (DBNet) EUMETSAT **Deutscher Wetterdienst** Suomi-NPP 4-Oct-2019 21:00 (UTC) nings: All Overpasses Search: 100 90 No. o Mean Percentage STD of Mean Min Max spurie # Obs.: 129217808 Navigational of valid 80 BTD BTD BTD BTD local Minimum: 0h02m Difference/m BTDs 0h20m Average: times 70 90% in: 0h26m 100 1.25e-05 0 0.01 0.000354 찚 60 100 1.06e-05 0 0.01 0.000326 Obs <2h00m: 98.9% 100 1.45e-05 0 0.01 0.00038 Obs <1h00m: 97.1% Accumulated 50 100 6.27e-06 0 0.01 0.000251 Obs <0h30m: 93.4% 40 0 0.01 0.000305 100 9.3e-06 100 1.3e-05 0 0.01 0.000361 100 1.24e-05 0 0.01 0.000352 30 tency (ATMS) 100 8.07e-06 0 0.01 0.000284 20 100 1.41e-05 0 0.01 0.000376 8.15e-06 0 100 0.01 0.000285 10 100 1.03e-05 0 0.01 0.000321 100 7.6e-06 0 0.01 0.000276 0 8 10 100 1.99e-05 0 0.01 0.000445 hours) Plotted at 15-Oct-2019 09:25 UTC 100 7.45e-06 0 0.01 0.000273 10 4-Oct-2019 21:00 (UTC) 9.93e-06 0.000315 100 0 0.01 100 100 3.72e-06 0 0.01 0.000193 90 100 9.51e-06 0 0.01 0.000308 100 1.53e-05 0 0.01 0.000391 # Obs.: 185096129 80 100 1.12e-05 0 0.01 0.000334 Minimum: 0h08m 100 5.79e-06 0 0.01 0.000241 Average: 0h58m 70 90% in: 1h38m 6.6e-06 0 0.01 0.000257 100 쯢 60 100 1.56e-05 0 0.01 0.000395 Obs <2h00m: 97.6% 100 0 0.01 0.000333 1.11e-05 <1h00m: 55.6% Accumulated 100 0 0.01 Obs <0h30m: 50 6.6e-06 0.000257 17.6% 100 9.17e-06 0 0.01 0.000303 40 100 1.06e-05 0 0.01 0.000326 100 1.06e-05 0 0.01 0.000326 30 100 6.28e-06 0 0.01 0.000251 20 0.01 0.000300 10

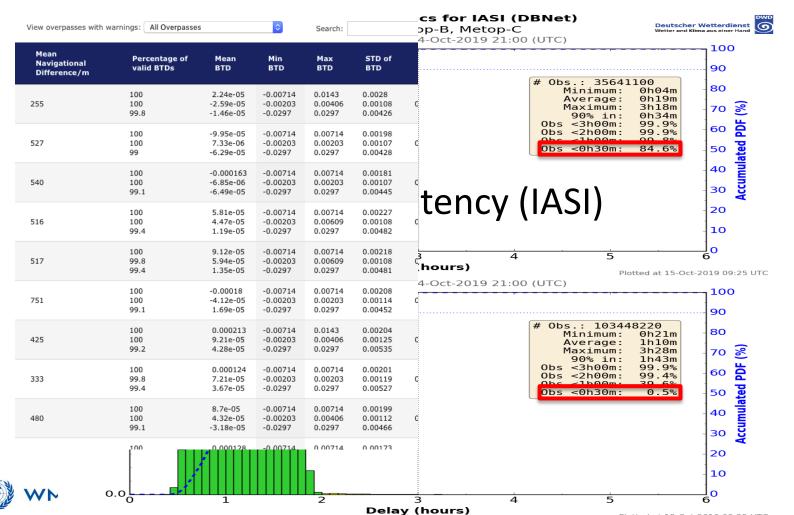


Delay (hours)

5

6

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DBNet NWP users survey

- Survey was issued to all GODEX-NWP members in January 2019
 - GODEX-NWP reviews and consolidates the operational data needs for Global Numerical Weather Prediction.
 - Members are NWP centres assimilating data for global models and major data producers (EUM, NESDIS)
- Responses received from 10 centres
 - KMA-Korea, JMA-Japan, BoM-Australia, ECMWF, INPE-Brazil, DWD-Germany, Météo-France, Environment Canada (EC), Metoffice-UK, NCEP-USA



DBNet NWP users survey

- ATOVS: all centres receiving, no comment
- ATMS: all centres assimilate or plans to assimilate
- VASS: ECMWF, EC and JMA assimilate MWHS; MetOffice, KMA, INPE, MF and BoM plans to assimilate MWHS
 - Low interest in MWTS.
- CrIS: All centers assimilate or plan to assimilate.
 - DWD has no plans
- IASI (Metop A/B): All centers assimilate or plan to assimilate.
 - EC has no plans



High priority DBNet activities in the coming years (as agreed by DBNet Coord Group Sep 2016)

- Consolidate the existing network for IR/MW sounding services, solving specific local problems
- Complete the infrastructure for Metop and S-NPP/JPSS (ie Asia)
- Implement consistent monitoring of DBNet part of overall latency and address specific timeliness problems
- Extend the geographical coverage of DBNet, capitalizing on existing capabilities (e.g. Tierra del Fuego, Isla de Pasqua, NW South America, Santa Maria Madre del Dios, Guam)
- Improve the user-friendliness of release process for processing software
- Advance the implementation of Hi-res IR services (IASI, CrIS)
- Contribute to the implementation of the new WIS metadata standard for DBNet products
- Strengthen the dialogue with global and regional WMO groups responsible for WIS capacity planning
- Advance the implementation of FY-3



DBNet outlook

HIRAS

- Hyper-spectral IR sounder launched on FY-3D in November 2017.
- Level-1 pre-processing software available

FY-3E

- Planned for launch 2020.
- First full sounding suite in early morning orbit (~6:00 AM)
- Is now confirmed to use RH circular polarization of X-band downlink, allowing acquisition with existing antenna feeds

African coverage

EC-funded project (SAWIDRA) for local processing in Africa. Could potentially become part of DBNet

Microwave Imaging

 Relevant for regional NWP assimilation. Direct Broadcast available on FY-3/MWRI, GCOM-W1/AMSR-2 (restricted), Meteor/MTVZA-GY

Radio occultation

- Space Weather community has expressed interest in very-low-latency (target TBD) data for ionospheric monitoring and Direct Broadcast available for RO instruments on Metop-SG and FY-3
- Could be provided by DBNet network, if fast processing is feasible

EPS-SG local processing

- EUMETSAT action on-going; some information before end of 2019.
- Reception: >=2.4m antenna, new bandwidth filter, Kongsberg: MEOS5 mandatory, Orbital System: demodulator HRD300.



Thank you Merci

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 - All DBNet station operators



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